







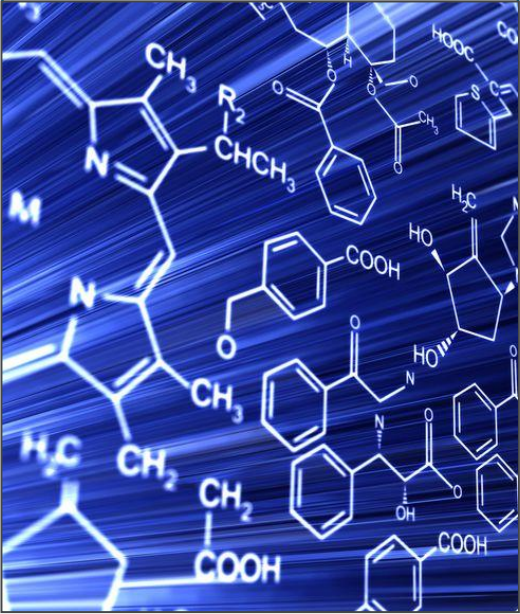
The role of hydrogen in the transition
to a sustainable industry

CIEP-NOGEPa Gasdag
Marcel Galjee
September 6th 2018

The industry as enabler of the transition

<h2>Energy</h2>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Electrification of the industry• Lead off taker of renewable energy• Flexibility provider to the grid
<h2>Residential sector</h2>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Residual and sustainable heat to residential sector• New and advanced insulation materials
<h2>Mobility</h2>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Advanced and low weight materials• Next generation batteries• Hydrogen, synthetic and bio fuels
<h2>Food/Agro</h2>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bio-based feedstock for the industry• Low emission food life-stock• Low/no emission fertilizers

It's all about the industry



Accelerating the energy transition, broadening the scope beyond electricity

Energy Transition

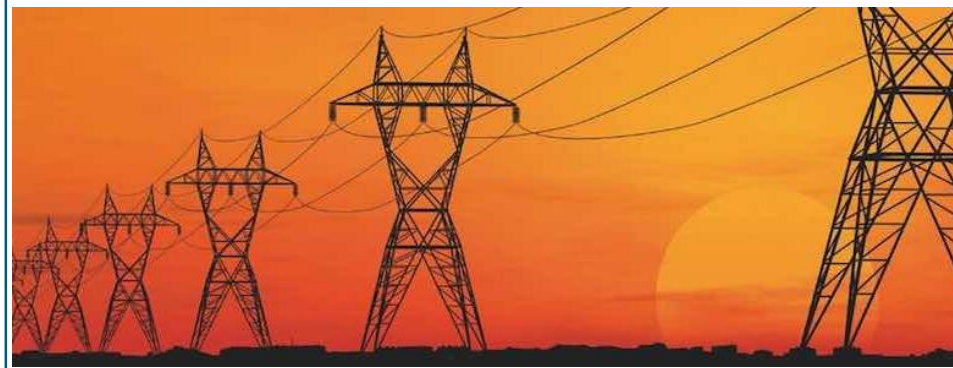
from fossil energy to renewables



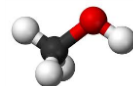
100% Renewable and
carbon neutral electricity
Reliable and stable power
grid

Decarbonized heating

Energy Efficiency



Accelerating the industrial transition, building the zero carbon economy



Industrial Transition from fossil feedstock to circular/biobased

Electrification

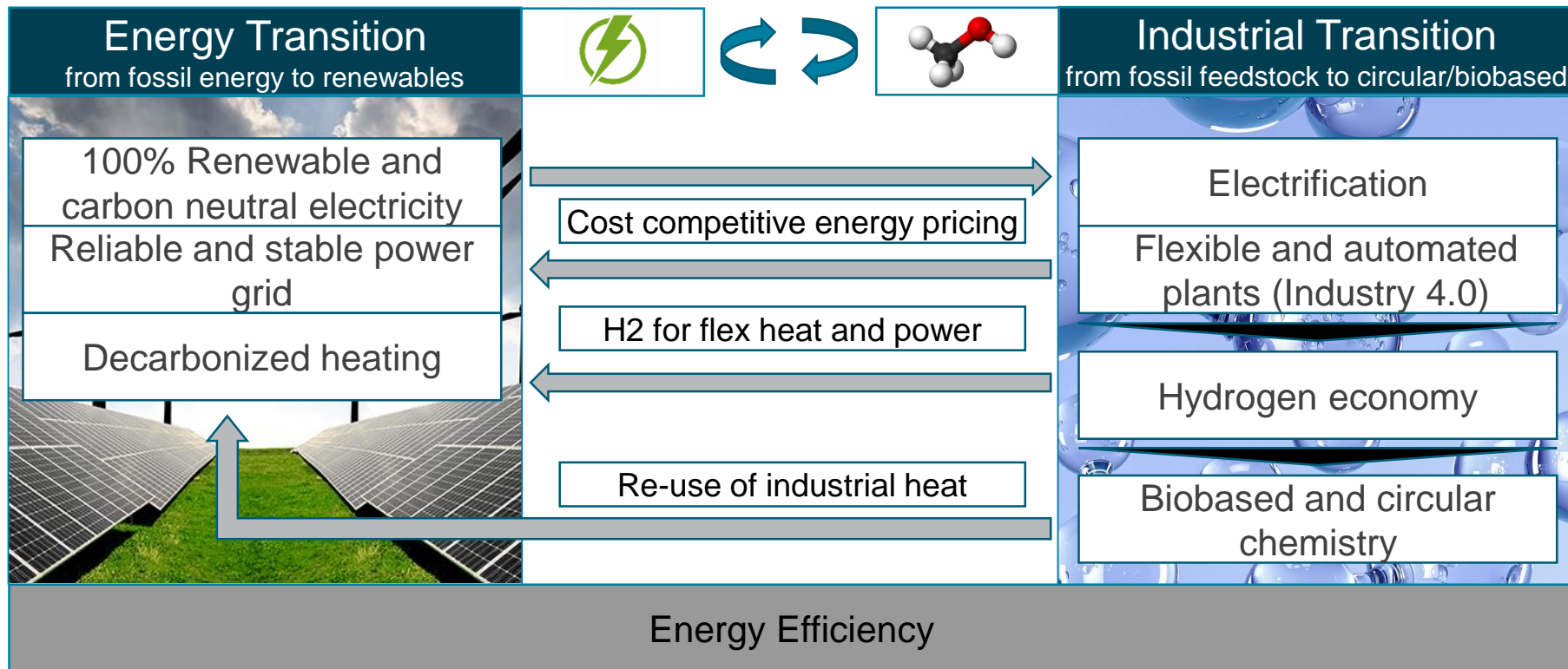
Flexible and automated
plants (Industry 4.0)

Hydrogen economy

Biobased and circular
chemistry

Energy Efficiency

Accelerating the industrial transition, from electrons to molecules and back



Hydrogen can play seven roles in the energy transition

Enable the renewable-energy system

1 Enable large-scale renewables integration and power generation



2 Distribute energy across sectors and regions



3 Act as a buffer to increase system resilience

Decarbonize end uses



4 Help decarbonize transportation



5 Help decarbonize industrial energy use



6 Help decarbonize building heat and power



7 Serve as renewable feedstock

Electrochemistry in practice, we operate over 1000 MW of electrolysers

Chlor-alkali



Installed capacity: 380 MW
H₂ production: 38 kta

Sodium chlorate



Installed capacity: 620 MW
H₂ production: 62 kta

Water electrolysis



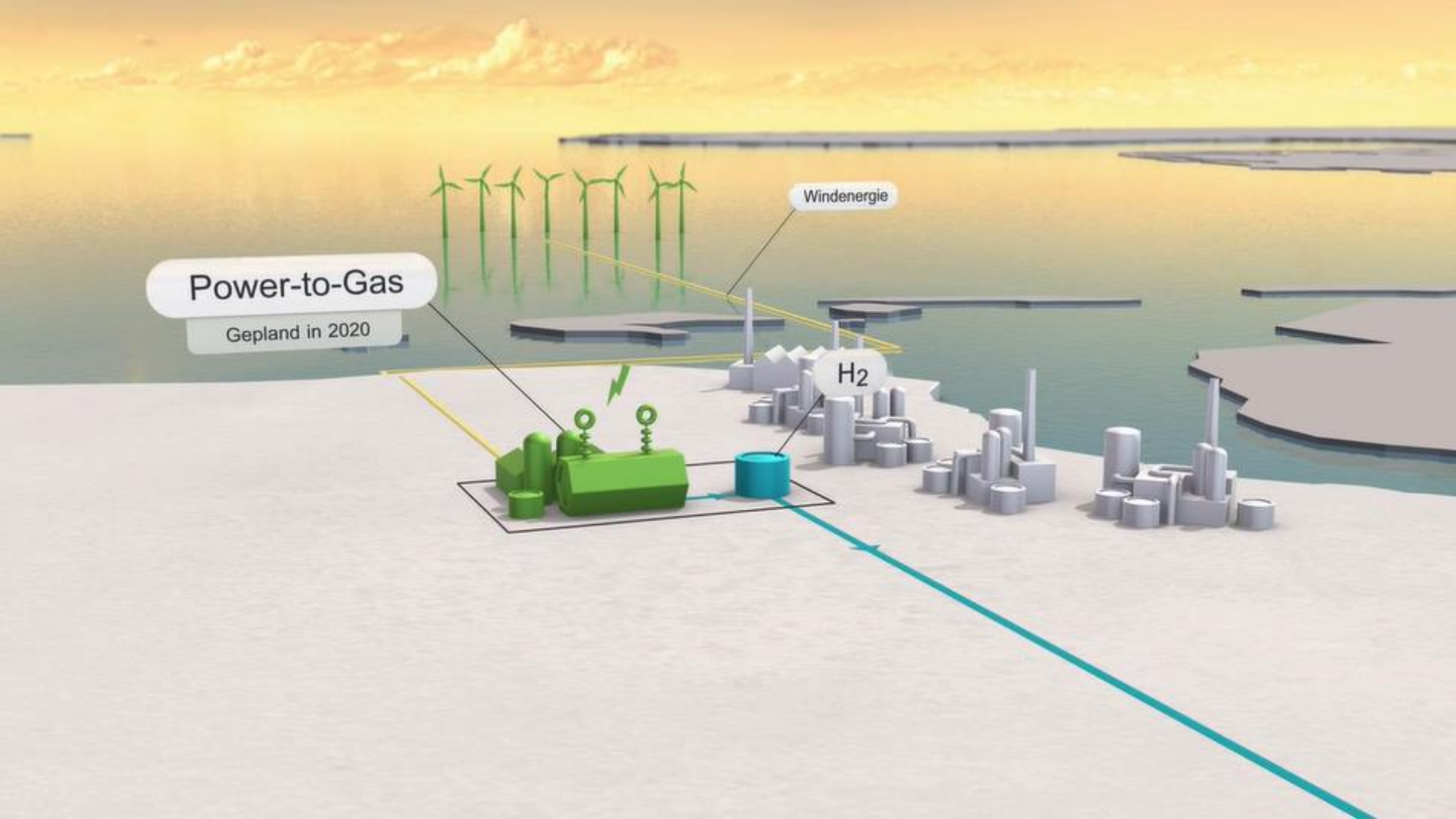
Installed capacity: 10 MW
H₂ production: 1.5 kta

Power-to-Gas

Gepland in 2020

Windenergie

H₂

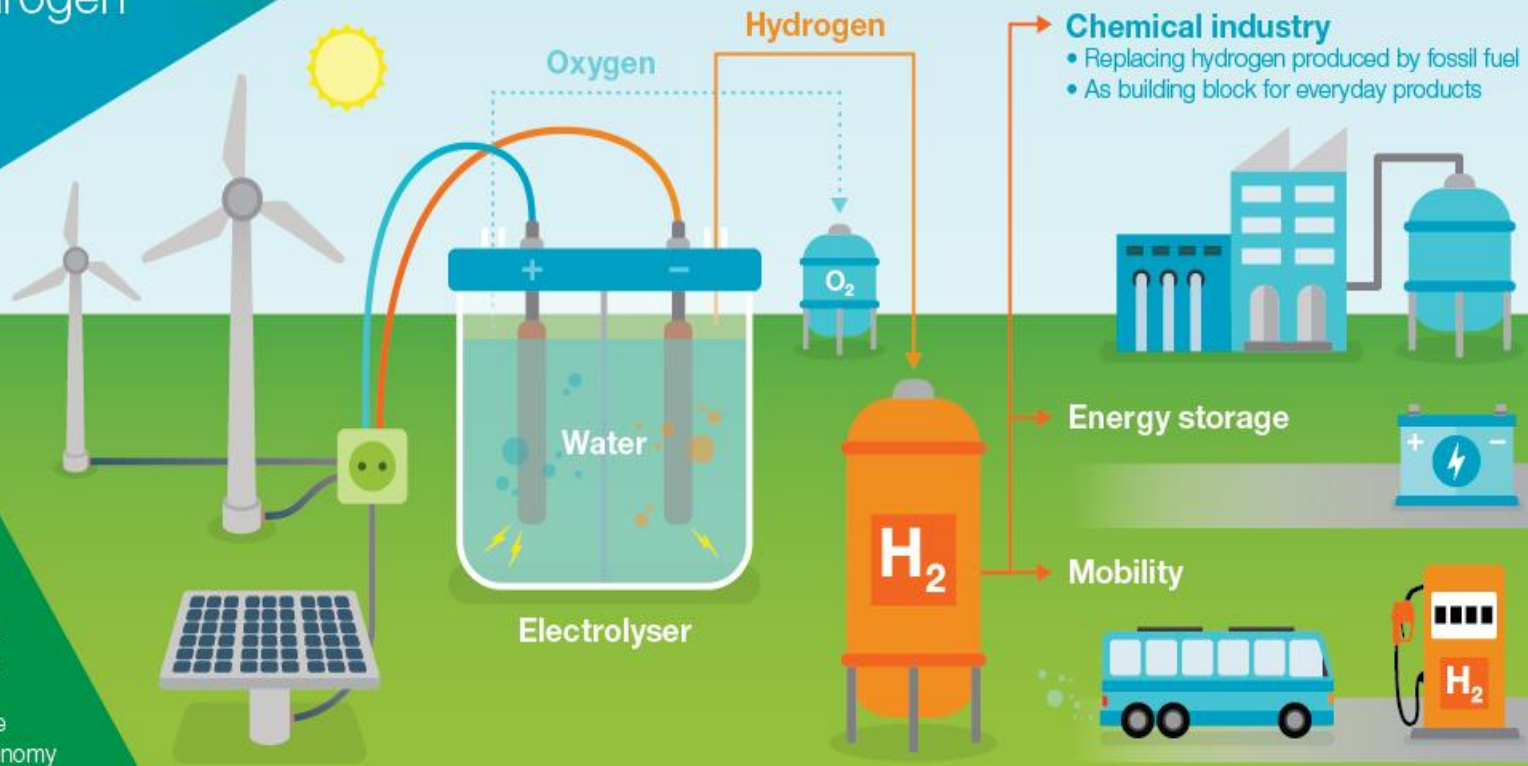


AkzoNobel and Gasunie

jointly scaling up the conversion of sustainable electricity into green hydrogen

AkzoNobel
SPECIALTY CHEMICALS

- 20 megawatt water electrolyser, the largest in Europe
- Producing 3 kiloton (30 million m³) of green hydrogen
- Enough to fuel 300 buses, or enough for 1 bus to drive around the world more than 1100 times
- Upscaling is essential for the transition to a hydrogen economy

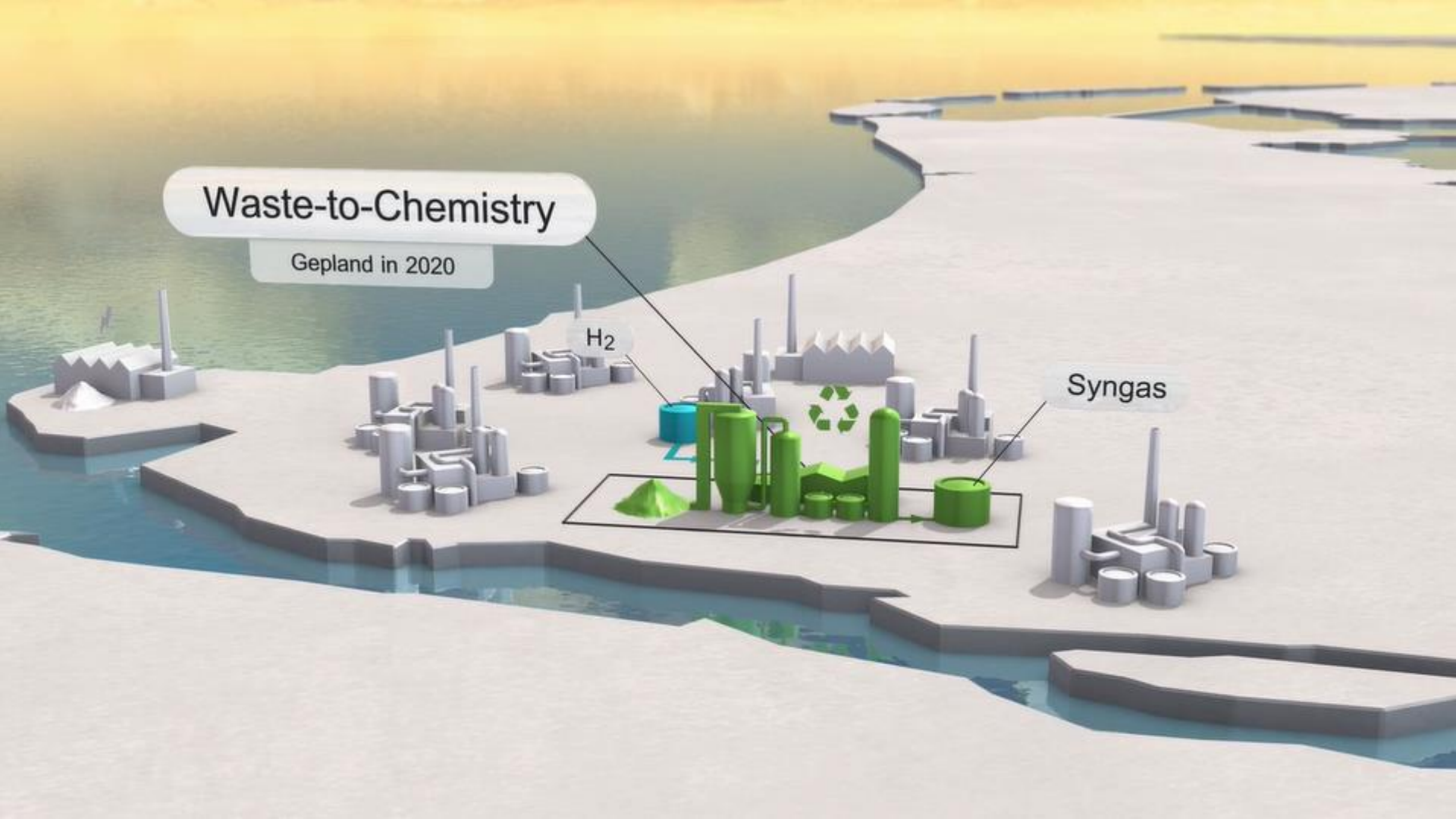


Waste-to-Chemistry

Gepland in 2020

H₂

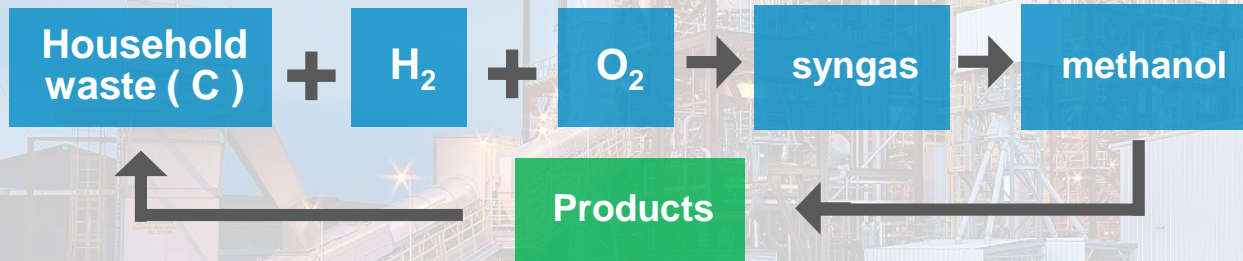
Syngas



Waste2Chemistry – Rotterdam

AkzoNobel

- Demo plant in Canada
- Full production in 2020
 - 190 m€ investment
 - 220kT/a Methanol
 - 250 kT CO2 reduction
- Clear implementation plan
- Pilot for carbon based support mechanism



AkzoNobel
SPECIALTY CHEMICALS

 **Enerkem**

 **Air Liquide**
creative oxygen

 **Port of Rotterdam**

Carbon2Chem – Germany

AkzoNobel
SPECIALTY CHEMICALS

Steel
production



CO₂/CO

+

H₂



syngas

ThyssenKrupp

Hydrogen electrolysis / network stability

AkzoNobel

Methanol

Linde

Gas cleaning/catalysis

Evonik

Higher order alcohols / polyalcohols

Covestro

Polymers

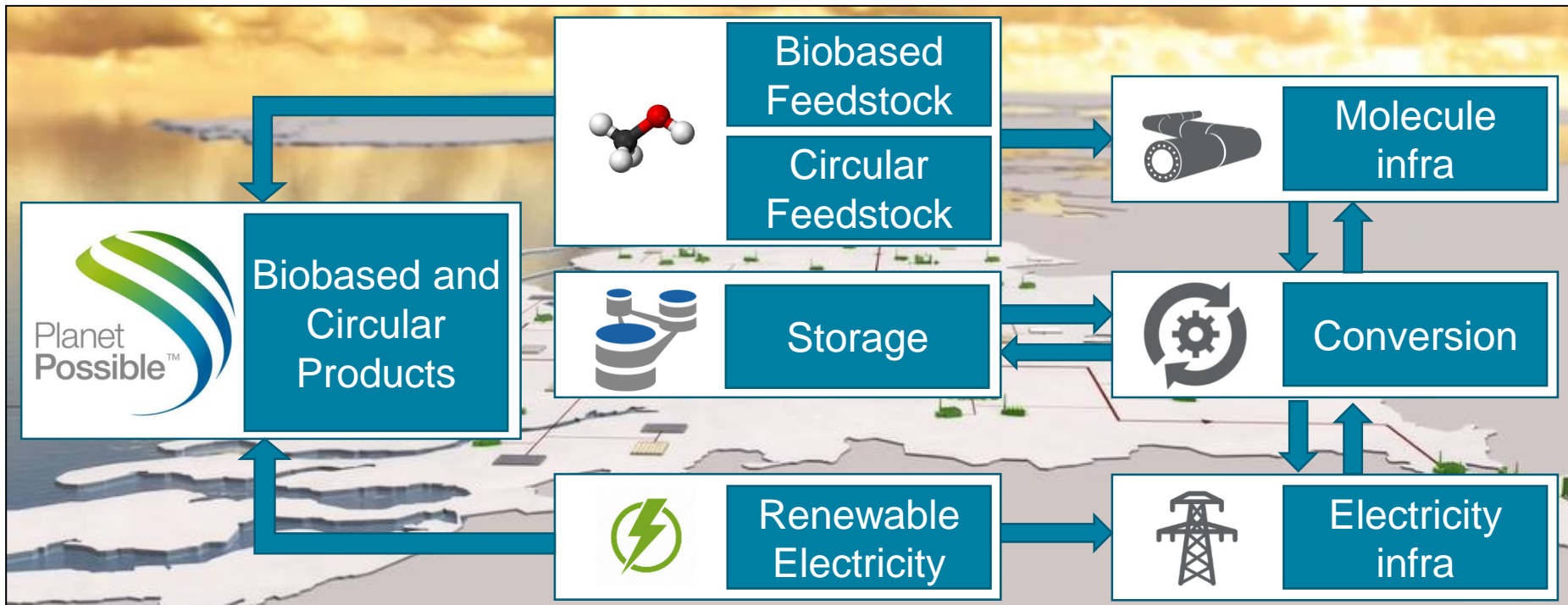
BASF

OME

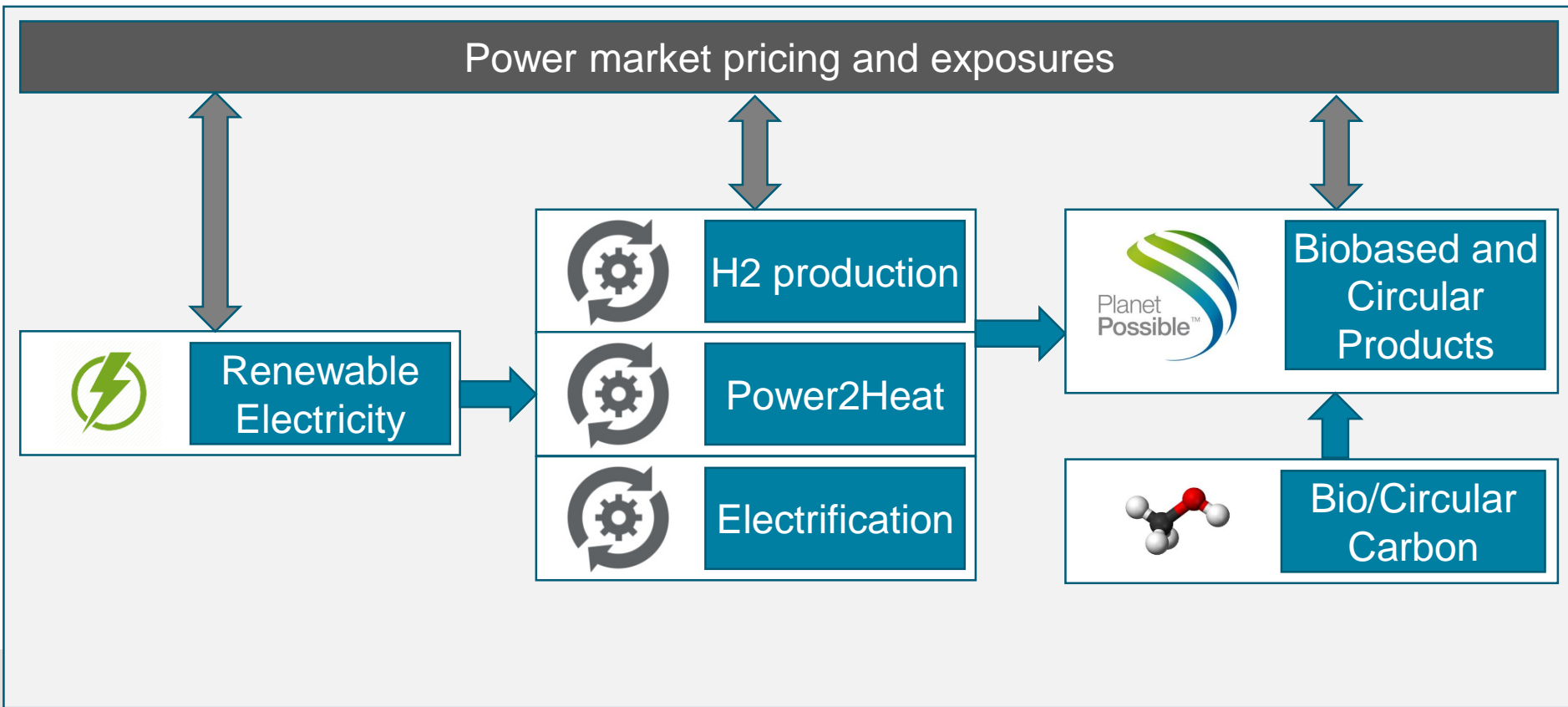




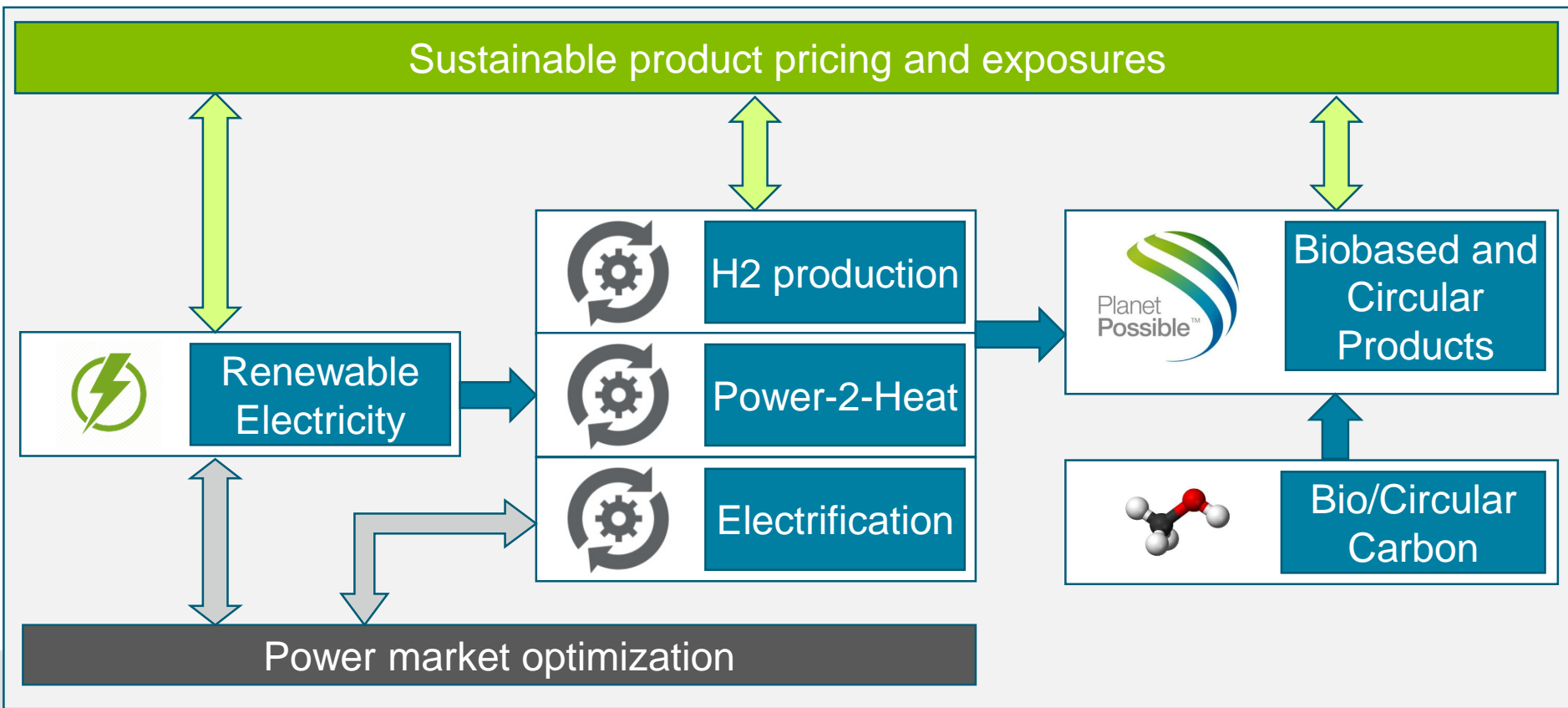
Towards a sustainable industry and system integration



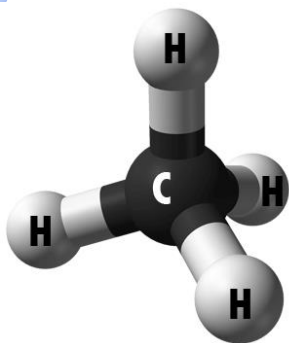
The value chain is traditionally based on a fossil power market



Is this still needed, looking at the full value chain?

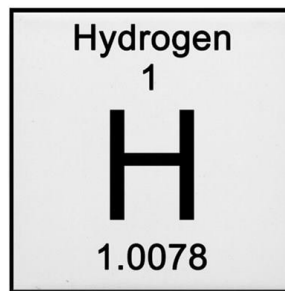


The role of gas in the transition to a sustainable industry...but maybe not the gas you were expecting



Cost competitive option to transport energy

Leveraging existing gas infrastructure



Enabler of the biobased, circular economy and zero emission mobility

Large scale storage potential in salt caverns

Key enabler for electrification of the industry

The Dutch Transition should benefit all

Economic development NL

Energy

Renewable energy development

Infrastructure

Electricity/Gas/H2/Heat

Industry

Future proof clusters
Transition to biobased/circular

- Direct and indirect jobs
- Utilization existing assets
- Attracting investments

- Quicker
- Cheaper
- More efficient

Benefits Dutch society

Residential sector

Residual heat industry, insulation and material development

Mobility

Assess to competitive electricity and H2, light weight materials

Food/Agro

Valorization of resources, lower emissions

- Lower costs for consumers/households
- Strong reduction of emission

Thank you